

**THOMPSON CROSSING
METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
Larimer County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

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Dazzio & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3
Larimer County, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Duggio & Associates, P.C.

May 31, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 840,012
Cash and Investments - Restricted	37,200
Receivable County Treasurer	1
Accounts Receivable	22,240
Due From Thompson Crossing No. 4	3,258
Due From Thompson Crossing No. 5	1
Due From Thompson Crossing No. 6	814
Prepaid Expenses	2,900
Property Taxes Receivable	130
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,535,842
Capital Assets, Net	<u>1,725,305</u>
Total Assets	<u>5,167,703</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	780,867
Prepaid Assessments	2,922
Due To Thompson Crossing No. 5	329
Retainage Payable	40,513
Landscape Escrow	33,750
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	<u>8,026,409</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>8,884,790</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	<u>130</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>130</u>
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	134,034
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	37,200
Unrestricted	<u>(3,888,451)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ (3,717,217)</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 127,130	\$ 1,015,370	\$ 82,500	\$ (64,899)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	162,074	-	-	(162,074)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,451,973	\$ 1,015,370	\$ 82,500	(226,973)
GENERAL REVENUES				
Property Taxes				135
Specific Ownership Taxes				10
Other Income				1,706
Net Investment Income				10,383
Total General Revenues				12,234
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(214,739)
Net Position - Beginning of Year				(3,502,478)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR				\$ (3,717,217)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 439,069	\$ 8,986	\$ 391,957	\$ 840,012
Cash and Investments - Restricted	37,200	-	-	37,200
Receivable - County Treasurer	1	-	-	1
Accounts Receivable	-	22,240	-	22,240
Due from Thompson Crossing No. 4	3,258	-	-	3,258
Due from Thompson Crossing No. 5	1	-	-	1
Due from Thompson Crossing No. 6	814	-	-	814
Prepaid Expenses	2,900	-	-	2,900
Property Taxes Receivable	130	-	-	130
	\$ 483,373	\$ 31,226	\$ 391,957	\$ 906,556
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 142,331	\$ 45,292	\$ 593,244	\$ 780,867
Prepaid Assessments	-	2,922	-	2,922
Retainage Payable	-	-	40,513	40,513
Due to Thompson Crossing No. 5	329	-	-	329
Landscape Escrow	33,750	-	-	33,750
Total Liabilities	176,410	48,214	633,757	858,381
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Tax Revenue	130	-	-	130
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	130	-	-	130
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable	2,900	-	-	2,900
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	37,200	-	-	37,200
Assigned for:				
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	224,137	-	-	224,137
Unassigned	42,596	(16,988)	(241,800)	(216,192)
Total Fund Balance	306,833	(16,988)	(241,800)	48,045
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 483,373	\$ 31,226	\$ 391,957	906,556
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the funds.				
Capital Assets, Net				4,261,147
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Developer Advance Payable				(5,941,112)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance				(2,085,297)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$ (3,717,217)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135
Specific Ownership Taxes	10	-	-	10
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 4	678,796	-	-	678,796
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 5	138	-	-	138
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 6	146,065	-	-	146,065
Developer Contribution	190,371	-	-	190,371
Other Income	1,706	-	-	1,706
Net Investment Income	10,383	-	-	10,383
Carriage House District Fees	-	127,130	-	127,130
System Development Fees	-	-	82,500	82,500
Total Revenues	<u>1,027,604</u>	<u>127,130</u>	<u>82,500</u>	<u>1,237,234</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General:				
General and Administrative	270,367	-	-	270,367
District Operations and Maintenance	515,349	-	-	515,349
Existing Pool Operations	62,425	-	-	62,425
Carriage Homes:				
Accounting	-	18,329	-	18,329
Operations Management	-	15,656	-	15,656
Covenant Control and Inspections	-	2,719	-	2,719
Landscape Maintenance	-	62,510	-	62,510
Miscellaneous	-	334	-	334
Irrigation Repairs	-	4,021	-	4,021
Snow Removal	-	61,496	-	61,496
Capital:				
Landscape Enhancements	-	-	21,427	21,427
Capital Outlay	-	-	1,122,095	1,122,095
Total Expenditures	<u>848,141</u>	<u>165,065</u>	<u>1,143,522</u>	<u>2,156,728</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	179,463	(37,935)	(1,061,022)	(919,494)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Advance	-	-	740,974	740,974
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>740,974</u>	<u>740,974</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	179,463	(37,935)	(320,048)	(178,520)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>127,370</u>	<u>20,947</u>	<u>78,248</u>	<u>226,565</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 306,833</u>	<u>\$ (16,988)</u>	<u>\$ (241,800)</u>	<u>\$ 48,045</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ (178,520)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report, as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay	1,140,590
Depreciation	(273,761)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

Developer Advances	(740,974)
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Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Interest Payable - Developer Advances - Change in Liability	(162,074)
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (214,739)
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**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$ -
Specific Ownership Taxes	9	10	1
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 4	691,659	678,796	(12,863)
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 5	138	138	-
Transfer From Thompson Crossing No. 6	148,956	146,065	(2,891)
Developer Contribution	100,000	190,371	90,371
Other Income	2,000	1,706	(294)
Net Investment Income	100	10,383	10,283
Total Revenues	<u>942,997</u>	<u>1,027,604</u>	<u>84,607</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administrative	363,875	270,367	93,508
District Operations and Maintenance	480,125	515,349	(35,224)
Existing Pool Operations	135,000	62,425	72,575
New Pool Operations	88,500	-	88,500
Clubhouse Operations	48,500	-	48,500
Total Expenditures	<u>1,116,000</u>	<u>848,141</u>	<u>267,859</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(173,003)	179,463	352,466
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advance	130,000	-	(130,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>130,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(130,000)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(43,003)	179,463	222,466
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>81,396</u>	<u>127,370</u>	<u>45,974</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 38,393</u>	<u>\$ 306,833</u>	<u>\$ 268,440</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Carriage House District Fees	\$ 121,040	\$ 130,000	\$ 127,130	\$ (2,870)
Total Revenues	121,040	130,000	127,130	(2,870)
EXPENDITURES				
General and Administrative:				
Accounting	13,500	19,000	18,329	671
Contingency	2,826	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	390	334	56
Operations and Maintenance:				
Covenant Control and Inspections	3,000	3,000	2,719	281
Irrigation Repairs	4,498	4,100	4,021	79
Landscape Maintenance	44,976	62,510	62,510	-
Operations Management	12,000	16,000	15,656	344
Plant Replacements	10,000	-	-	-
Snow Removal	33,200	62,000	61,496	504
Winter Watering	500	-	-	-
Utilities	500	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	125,000	167,000	165,065	1,935
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,960)	(37,000)	(37,935)	(935)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	9,053	20,947	20,947	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 5,093</u>	<u>\$ (16,053)</u>	<u>\$ (16,988)</u>	<u>\$ (935)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,848
Total Assets	<u>9,848</u>
LIABILITIES	
Transfer Fees Payable to Foundation	<u>9,848</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>9,848</u>
NET POSITION	
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUND
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
ADDITIONS	
Transfer Fee Revenue	\$ 253,829
Total Additions	253,829
DEDUCTIONS	
Transfer Fee Expense	253,829
Total Deductions	253,829
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Larimer County on December 17, 2001 and amended on April 24, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide for the construction, installation, financing, and operation of public improvements, including streets, traffic safety controls, water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage, television relay and translator, transportation, park and recreation facilities, covenant enforcement, security services, and pest control.

Under a Consolidated Service Plan dated August 20, 2001, as modified on October 3, 2005, the District, as the Operating District, was organized in conjunction with five other related districts, Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 1 (Control District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 2 (Commercial District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 (Financing District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 5 (Financing District), and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6 (Financing District) (collectively, the Districts). The Districts' service area is located entirely within the Town of Johnstown (Town), Larimer County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the Town and the other Districts.

The District has no employees, and contracts for all of its management and professional services.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and system development fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues earned and expenditures incurred in connection with the operation and maintenance of the Carriage Homes community.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources and payments made on capital projects within the District.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Fund

Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity by the District in connection with the collection and disbursement of transfer fees imposed on any home resold in the District. A comparison of budgeted and actual amounts is not presented in the financial statements.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Clubhouse and Pool	30 Years
Parks and Recreation Improvements	20 Years
Security System	10 Years

Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, deferred property tax revenue and prepaid assessments, are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

District Fees

Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 4 and 6 adopted a maintenance fee in the amount of \$85 per month per lot to maintain common areas within the boundaries of the Thompson River Ranch Filing Nos. 9 and 12, which is paid to the District to fund the applicable portion of the cost of the District's maintenance activities related thereto. Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 4 and 6 adopted a Second Amended and Restated Joint Resolution of Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 4 & 6 Imposing a Monthly Maintenance Fee for Thompson River Ranch Carriage House on February 27, 2023 which raises the fee to \$110 per month, effective April 1, 2023.

The District collects and retains system development fees of \$1,500 at the time of issuance of a building permit for the first 500 single-family units and \$2,000 starting with the 501st single-family unit.

Deficits

The Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund reported deficits in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2022. The deficits will be eliminated with the receipt of District Fees and Developer advances in 2023, respectively.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 840,012
Cash and Investments - Restricted	<u>37,200</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 877,212</u></u>

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 509,947
Investments	<u>367,265</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 877,212</u></u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$519,795, \$9,848 of which is in the Fiduciary Fund.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- . Written repurchase and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average Under 60 days	<u>\$ 367,265</u>

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE’s portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE’s investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian’s internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAaf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2022
Fixed Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Improvements	\$ 1,319,613	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,319,613
Construction in Progress	94,134	1,122,095	-	1,216,229
Total Fixed Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>1,413,747</u>	<u>1,122,095</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,535,842</u>
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Security System	17,700	-	-	17,700
Parks and Recreation	5,645,374	18,495	-	5,663,869
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Security System	2,950	1,770	-	4,720
Parks and Recreation	3,679,553	271,991	-	3,951,544
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	<u>1,980,571</u>	<u>(255,266)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,725,305</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 3,394,318</u>	<u>\$ 866,829</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,261,147</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government of the District.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Developer Advances Payable:					
Operations	\$ 1,813,999	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,813,999	\$ -
Capital	3,386,139	740,974	-	4,127,113	-
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances:					
Operations	522,423	54,420	-	576,843	-
Capital	1,400,800	107,654	-	1,508,454	-
Total	<u>\$ 7,123,361</u>	<u>\$ 903,048</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,026,409</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The details of the District's long-term obligations are described in Note 8.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 6, 2001, District voters approved debt authorization in the amount of \$85,000,000 for the construction of capital improvements, with an additional \$297,000,000 for refunding debt, intergovernmental contracts, and mortgages. The voters also authorized debt of \$17,000,000 for the cost of operating and maintaining the District's systems.

The Modified Consolidated Service Plan dated October 3, 2005, limits the total principal amount of obligations that the Districts may have outstanding in aggregate at any one time to \$65,000,000, provided that in the case where obligations of the Financing Districts are supporting revenue bonds of the Control District, the Control District revenue bonds shall not be counted. At December 31, 2022, the total outstanding principal obligations of the Districts were \$54,780,000, which includes \$19,810,000 of debt in Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 2, \$31,270,000 in Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4, and \$3,700,000 in Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6.

The District had authorized but unissued debt at December 31, 2022, for the following detailed purposes:

	Authorized November 6, 2001 Election	Authorization Used	Remaining at December 31, 2022
Water	\$ 16,000,000	\$ -	\$ 16,000,000
Sanitary/Storm Sewer	21,000,000	-	21,000,000
Streets	31,000,000	-	31,000,000
Parks and Recreation	13,000,000	-	13,000,000
Traffic and Safety	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Operations and Maintenance	17,000,000	-	17,000,000
Debt Refunding	85,000,000	-	85,000,000
Television Relay and Translation	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Public Transportation	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Intergovernmental Contracts	102,000,000	-	102,000,000
Mortgages	110,000,000	-	110,000,000
Total	<u>\$ 399,000,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 399,000,000</u>

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area, subject to the limitation described above.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,261,147
Principal Portion of Developer Advances for Capital	<u>(4,127,113)</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ 134,034</u>

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 of \$37,200 for emergencies.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of debt issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTY

All of the members of the Board of Directors during 2022 were employees of, or consultants to, Clayton Properties Group II, Inc., a Colorado corporation doing business as Oakwood Homes and the major landowner, developer, and home builder of the property within the District and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 4, 5, and 6.

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

District Facilities Construction and Service Intergovernmental Agreement

On June 29, 2006, the District entered into a District Facilities Construction and Service Intergovernmental Agreement with Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 5 (Financing Districts). The District Facilities Construction and Service Intergovernmental Agreement was amended and restated on May 21, 2008, to include Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6 as a Financing District (the Amended Agreement). Under the Amended Agreement, the District will, on behalf of the Financing Districts, contract for and supervise the construction and acquisition of District facilities. The District shall own all the facilities and shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of all facilities.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District Facilities Construction and Service Intergovernmental Agreement (Continued)

The District facilities are to be financed from the proceeds of general obligation indebtedness to be issued by the Financing Districts. The Financing Districts shall provide for the payment of the capital and service costs or, at the option of any Financing District, may make annual payments to an escrow account for capital costs and to a service fund account for service costs. The amount of payment due under the annual payment option shall not be less than the amounts set forth in the final budget for the budget year, as prepared by the District and approved by the Financing Districts. Once payments have been made to the District, the District shall have sole authority to withdraw monies from the accounts but shall account to the Financing Districts for funds withdrawn and payments made.

The financial obligations of the Financing Districts under this Amended Agreement are general obligations of the Financing Districts and shall be payable from ad valorem taxes generated as a result of the certification by the Financing Districts of a mill levy, except as they may actually be paid from other revenues. The Boards of the Financing Districts shall annually determine, fix, and certify a rate of levy for ad valorem taxes which, when added to other funds of the Financing Districts, will be sufficient to promptly and fully pay the amounts to be paid under this agreement, as well as all other general obligation indebtedness of the Financing Districts, as the same become due.

During 2022, the Financing Districts transferred \$824,999 of net property tax revenues to the District under this agreement.

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement

The District and HC Development & Management Services, Inc. entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement dated October 20, 2005, which was assigned to Oakwood Homes (the Developer) on February 28, 2013, and amended on July 7, 2015 (the AR Agreement). The AR Agreement was assigned to Clayton Properties Group, LLC (Clayton) pursuant to a Bill of Sale and Assignment and Assumption Agreement between inter alia Oakwood Homes and Clayton dated July 3, 2017. The District and Clayton entered into a Second Amendment to the AR Agreement on November 13, 2017, concerning and recognizing the advances made by Clayton, or its predecessors, the reimbursement of the advances by the District, and providing for a current accounting of the amounts owed as of October 31, 2017.

Pursuant to the AR Agreement, the Developer will advance funds to the District for improvements and services related to construction of certain public facilities and for administrative and operating costs associated with the organization and development of the District.

The District will reimburse the Developer for the advances, together with interest at the rate of 3% per annum. The District will make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements and debt service costs and expenses of the District. Payments by the District are applied first to interest on, then to principal of the advances.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement (Continued)

The current year activity and outstanding balances of the Developer advances and accrued interest at December 31, 2022, are displayed in Note 5.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

The District and HC Development & Management Services, Inc. entered into a Facilities Acquisition Agreement (the FA Agreement) dated June 29, 2006, The FA Agreement was assigned by HC Development & Management Services, Inc. to Oakwood Homes, LLC on February 28, 2013, and was assigned by Oakwood Homes, LLC to Clayton Properties Group, LLC (Developer) pursuant to a Bill of Sale and Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated July 3, 2017. The District acknowledged and consented to the foregoing assignments by a First Amendment to the Facilities Acquisition Agreement dated March 13, 2018. The FA Agreement provides for the acquisition by the District of certain public improvements and facilities (the Improvements) from the Developer. The District purchased the Improvements from the Developer for the actual construction costs or the fair market value of the Improvements, as confirmed by an independent engineer. Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 issued general obligation bonds in June 2006. A portion of the proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse the Developer for the cost of the Improvements incurred by the Developer at the time.

Intergovernmental Agreement regarding the Payment of Operational and Administrative Costs

An Intergovernmental Agreement regarding the Payment of Operational and Administrative Costs dated November 15, 2006, and as amended and restated on October 12, 2009, was entered into by and among the District, Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1), and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2 and collectively with the District and District No. 1, the Districts) (the IGA). For purposes of the IGA, any reference to property located within the District includes all property located within Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6. District No. 1's sole source of revenue is from the collection of system development fees and sale of sewer certificates (Tap Fees).

Pursuant to the IGA, the District and District No. 2 each agreed to pay to District No. 1, 50% of the cost of continued operation and administration of District No. 1. During 2022, the District transferred \$5,477 to District No. 1. The District and District No. 2 may recover their respective allocated amounts paid to District No. 1 by requesting that a tap surcharge be added to the Tap Fees issued for use within each requesting district. As of December 31, 2022, the District had not requested such a tap surcharge.

The IGA automatically renews for one-year periods unless terminated by any party effective December 31st of the year in which the written notice of termination is given. Upon any Districts' termination of its interest in this IGA, the property within said District shall immediately be subject to imposition of a system development fee in order to provide District No. 1 with adequate revenue to pay for District No. 1's administrative and operational costs.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials', crime and workers' compensation liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

On November 6, 2001, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$850,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue up to \$102,000,000 annually, other than ad valorem taxes, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
System Development Fees	\$ 225,000	\$ 82,500	\$ (142,500)
Total Revenues	<u>225,000</u>	<u>82,500</u>	<u>(142,500)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	2,275,000	1,122,095	1,152,905
Contingency	50,000	-	50,000
Landscape Enhancements	100,000	21,427	78,573
Total Expenditures	<u>2,425,000</u>	<u>1,143,522</u>	<u>1,281,478</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,200,000)	(1,061,022)	1,138,978
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advance	2,325,000	740,974	(1,584,026)
Repay Developer Advance	(200,000)	-	200,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>2,125,000</u>	<u>740,974</u>	<u>(1,384,026)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(75,000)	(320,048)	(245,048)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>158,000</u>	<u>78,248</u>	<u>(79,752)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 83,000</u>	<u>\$ (241,800)</u>	<u>\$ (324,800)</u>

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
GENERAL FUND – SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administrative:			
Accounting	\$ 85,000	\$ 53,677	\$ 31,323
Audit	16,000	15,700	300
Contingency	7,272	-	7,272
County Treasurer's Fees	3	3	-
District Management	90,000	92,156	(2,156)
Dues and Membership	2,600	2,453	147
Insurance and Bonds	37,000	34,741	2,259
Transfer to Thompson District No.1	11,000	5,477	5,523
Election Costs	50,000	8,940	41,060
Legal	55,000	51,714	3,286
Reserve Study	5,000	-	5,000
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,506	(506)
Total General and Administrative	363,875	270,367	93,508
District Operations and Maintenance:			
Landscape Maintenance	272,433	273,411	(978)
Repairs and Maintenance	45,000	75,436	(30,436)
Utilities	35,000	35,205	(205)
Covenant Control and Inspections	65,000	64,639	361
Irrigation Repairs	32,692	35,830	(3,138)
Snow Removal	30,000	30,828	(828)
Total District Operations and Maintenance	480,125	515,349	(35,224)
Existing Pool Operations:			
Lifeguards	70,000	42,112	27,888
Pool Chemicals	10,000	3,652	6,348
Pool Operations and Maintenance	25,000	4,559	20,441
Pool Repairs	10,000	5,175	4,825
Pool Utilities	20,000	6,927	13,073
Total Existing Pool Operations	135,000	62,425	72,575
New Pool Operations:			
Lifeguards	45,000	-	45,000
Pool Chemicals	10,500	-	10,500
Pool Operations and Maintenance	8,000	-	8,000
Pool Utilities	25,000	-	25,000
Total New Pool Operations	88,500	-	88,500
Clubhouse Operations:			
Clubhouse Events	2,500	-	2,500
Clubhouse General Repairs	4,000	-	4,000
Clubhouse Operations and Maintenance	21,000	-	21,000
Clubhouse Snow Removal	5,000	-	5,000
Clubhouse Utilities	5,000	-	5,000
Facilities Management	11,000	-	11,000
Total Clubhouse Operations	48,500	-	48,500
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,116,000	\$ 848,141	\$ 267,859

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
 DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied	Total Property Taxes		Percentage Collected to Levied
		General Fund	Levied	Collected	
2018	\$ 1,403	90.074	\$ 126	\$ 130	103.17 %
2019	1,351	90.074	122	122	100.00
2020	1,351	90.703	123	123	100.00
2021	1,351	90.518	122	122	100.00
2022	1,486	90.518	135	135	100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$ 1,432	90.518	\$ 130		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.